

5.

INSTRUCTIONS

For them that come to be

CONFIRMED,

By way of

QUESTION and ANSWER,

WITH

PRAYERS

For them to use before and af-
ter their CONFIRMATION.

*Then laid they their Hands on them,
and they received the Holy Ghost,
Acts viii. 17.*

L O N D O N :

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INSTRUCTIONS *for them*
that come to be Confirmed,
by way of Question and
Answer.

Q *W* *HAT* is Confirmation?
A. A solemn Rite instituted by the Apostles, wherein the *Bishop*, by laying on of Hands and by fervent Prayer, and authoritative Benediction, conveys to such Persons who in the Presence of God, and the Congregation, sincerely renew their baptismal Vow, a farther Degree of God's Grace and Holy Spirit.

Q. *What is the End and Design of Confirmation?*

A. That baptized Christians should by their own deliberate Choice take upon themselves that Vow and Promise which was made in their Names by their Godfathers and Godmothers, when they were admitted Members of Christ's

Church; so that the confirmed Person expressly consents to the baptismal Covenant, and before God and many Witnesses engages to perform his Part of it.

Q. At what Age is Confirmation to be administred?

A. The Church of *England* hath not determined any certain Age, but requires it to be done only to such as are come to a *competent Age*; which implies, that none should be admitted, till they understand the Nature of the baptismal Vow, which they then renew, and till they are capable of making a prudent and firm Resolution of observing it.

Q. What Custom was there among the Jews, which bore any Resemblance with Confirmation?

A. The *Jews* were wont to bring their Children before the Congregation at thirteen Years old, when they had learned the Law and the Explication thereof, and their daily Prayers; whereupon they were declared *Sons of the Precept*, and henceforth they were to answer for their own Sins, for which
before,

Buxt. Syna.

Jud. cap. vii.

before, the Fathers, and not the Children, had been responsible; and the Rite ended with Prayers and Praises.

Q. What hath the Church of England declared concerning Confirmation?

A. That it hath been a solemn, ancient and laudable Custom, continued from the Apostles Time, that all Bishops should lay their Hands upon Children baptised and instructed in the Catechism of Christian Religion, praying over them and blessing them.

Q. How doth it appear that this Rite was used by the Apostles?

A. We have the Scripture it self for the Evidence of the Fact; for when the Men of Samaria had been converted and baptised, and had received the Word of God, the Apostles St. Peter and St. John were sent to confirm those new Converts, by laying their Hands upon them, that they might receive the Holy Ghost. And the Disciples at Ephesus after they had been baptised in the Name of Jesus, were confirmed by St. Paul, who laid his Hands upon them.

them, and then they received the Holy Ghost. And farther, the same Apostle mentions as Fundamentals, not only the Doctrine of *Baptism*,

Heb. vi. 2.

but the *laying on of hands*, by which the antient In-

terpreters have always understood *Confirmation*; which appeared so plain

to *Calvin* himself, that it was his Opinion, that

this one Place shews evidently that Confirmation was instituted by the Apostles.

Q. How does it appear that Confirmation was not confined to the Age of the Apostles?

A. Because this solemn *Rite* is highly useful and Beneficial to the spiritual Wants of Christians in all Ages; who stand in need of the Influences of God's Holy Spirit to the great Purpose of Sanctification; and was as such accordingly practised by them in all the succeeding Ages of the Church, as appears by the Testimony of *Fathers* and *Councils*, who in this matter speak as Witnesses of a Catholick Custom.

Q. Give me some Testimonies of this Practice.

A. Ter-

A. Tertullian, who flourished about fourscore Years after St. John, and who is very careful in relating the Practice of the Primitive Church, tells us, That after Baptism succeeds laying on of Hands, by Prayer calling for, and inviting the Holy Spirit. And St. Cyprian, who flourished about sixty Years after Tertullian, hath this Remark upon the History of the Samaritan Converts; The same thing, says he, is practised among us, that they who are baptized in the Church, are presented to the Governours of it, the Bishops, that by our Prayers and Imposition of Hands, they may obtain the Holy Ghost, and be perfected with the Seal of Christ: which is by Confirmation to attain the highest Order of Christians. St. Jerome speaks full to the Point; If you ask, says he, where it is written, it is written in the Acts of the Apostles; but if there were no Authority of Scripture for it, yet the Consent of all the World in this particular, is instead of a Command.

De Bapt. c. 8.

Epist. 73.

Dial. adv.

Lucif.

Q. What are the Effects of Confirmation?

A. In the Primitive Church these Effects were *extraordinary Gifts*, such as were necessary then in the infant State of the Church; but upon the Settlement of it, the Holy Spirit guides it by secret and invisible Communications, which those receive who are qualified to partake of them in this regular and ministerial way; and they are those ordinary Helps and Assistances, which are necessary for the performing the Conditions of our Salvation, which we cannot work out, without the Influences of God's Holy Spirit.

Q. Who is the proper Minister of Confirmation?

A. The Administration of this Rite was devolved by the Apostles to their Successors the Bishops of the Catholick Church; for tho' *Philip* Acts viii. 14, the Deacon had liberty both to Preach and Baptize, yet the Apostles only had the Power to Confirm, as is plain by the History of the Samaritan Converts.

And therefore this Rite is appropriated

ted to the Bishops, as being Successors of the Apostles in the Government of the Church, in all the primitive Records of Christianity.

Q. What Ceremony is used in Confirmation?

A. The laying on of the Hand of the Bishop upon the Head of the Person to be confirmed; a very antient Ceremony in giving of Blessings, practised by the Jews, and made use of by our Saviour himself, and adopted by the Apostles with Prayer for communicating the Holy Spirit in Confirmation, and which gave Name to the whole Office, which is called *the laying on of Hands*.

Mat. xix. 13.

Acts viii. 17.

Heb. vi. 2.

Q. What Qualifications are necessary for the Candidates of this holy Ordinance?

A. Those who are brought to be confirmed, ought to be thoroughly instructed in the Nature of their baptismal Vow which they then renew, and of that Obligation they lie under to perform it. They ought to be acquainted with the Meaning of this holy Rite, and whose Office it is to administer it. They ought to have a Competent De-

gree of the Knowledge of those Christian Duties that relate to God, their Neighbour, and Themselves. And in order to these Ends it is adviseable, that they should some time before read over the Confirmation Office.

Q. What particular Preparation is necessary before Confirmation?

A. The Persons to be confirmed ought to examine themselves concerning those Sins of Omission or Commission they have been guilty of, in Thought, Word, and Deed; and to confess them to God, declaring their hearty Sorrow and Repentance for them, and earnestly begging God's Pardon and Forgiveness; to which they must add serious Resolutions of living answerable to their Christian Profession. And that their Prayers and Holy Purposes may be effectual, they may do well to join Fasting to them, that they may be the better disposed to receive the Influences of God's Holy Spirit.

Q. Since you mention the Necessity of making Serious Resolutions of living answerable to the Christian Profession, when you receive Confirmation; pray what do you resolve in relation to those
Ene-

Enemies that oppose your Salvation, the Devil, the World, and the Flesh?

A. I resolve, by the Grace of God, to be always upon the Watch against those various Ways, in which each of them is likely to endanger my Salvation; I resolve to use all fit and proper means to secure my self against those Dangers; and particularly to fortify those weak Places of my Mind, which my Temper or Circumstances of Life render most exposed to them.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to the Devil?

A. I resolve, by God's Assistance, never to give my Consent to any of those wicked Thoughts which he may throw into my Mind; nor to comply with any of those Temptations whereby he sollicit me to sin; neither will I make use of those ways of consulting him which ungodly Men have taken. And I particularly resolve to avoid all Pride, Malice and Envy, all Treachery, Lying, Revenge and Cruelty, which are most properly the Works of the Devil?

Q. What do you resolve in relation to the World?

A. I resolve, by the Help of God, not to do any thing unlawful, in order to procure Honour, Riches, or Pleasure ; neither will I set my Affections immoderately upon any lawful Enjoyment. I resolve to contradict the evil Maxims and Customs, to avoid the bad Company of a vain and wicked World ; and to forego all worldly Comforts and Possessions, all my natural Relations, and my own Life, whenever they stand in competition with my Duty.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to the Flesh ?

A. I resolve, by God's Help, to resist the unlawful Desires of my own corrupt Nature ; to suppress all lascivious and wanton Thoughts, to avoid all filthy and obscene Discourse, and never to gratifie my fleshly Appetites, but with Temperance and Sobriety, and only in such a manner as is allowed by the Law of God. And in order to this Purpose, I will shun Sloth and Idleness, which are common Incentives to our carnal Minds.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to your Faith ?

A. I

A. I resolve to be stedfast in the Belief of the Being of a God, which is evident from his making and preserving all Things. I resolve stedfastly to believe, that in this one glorious Godhead there are three Persons, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost; that the second Person in the blessed Trinity, God the Son, took upon him Human Nature, was born of a Virgin, and died upon a Cross as a Sacrifice for the Sins of the World; that he rose again the third Day from the Dead, ascended into Heaven, and sitteth on the right Hand of God, and that he will come again to judge the Quick and the Dead: That this Son of God, our Lord Jesus, planted a Church while he was upon Earth, and committed the Care of it to his Apostles, with a Power to ordain others to succeed them in their Office. That the Holy Ghost bestowed miraculous Gifts upon the Apostles, to fit them to convert the World, and to bring all Mankind into the Christian Church, in which Forgiveness of Sins, and eternal Life after the Resurrection of the Body, are always to be obtained.

Q. Why

Q. Why do you resolve to believe thus?

A. Because these and all other Points of my Creed are revealed in the Holy Scriptures by God himself, who is infinite Truth, and cannot lye, who is infinite Love, and will not deceive me.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to your Practice?

A. I resolve, by the Help of Divine Grace, to observe all those Precepts which relate to God, my Neighbour, and my self.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to God?

A. I resolve to pay my Obedience to him in a due and devout Attendance on Prayers both in publick and private, and on the Holy Sacrament. I resolve to own his Bounty in all the good Things I receive, and to submit patiently to his Wisdom in all the Afflictions I suffer. I resolve to reverence his holy Name, never to use it lightly, nor to prophane it by customary Swearing, much less by false and faithless Oaths. I resolve to reverence his holy Word, constantly to resort to his Worship, and to observe his Day particularly set apart for it, and

to

to shew a due Regard to all Things and Persons devoted to him, and commissioned by him.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to your Neighbour?

A. I resolve by the Grace of God, to be just in all my Dealings, never to deprive him of his Right by Fraud or Force; to be sincere in my Expressions, and to be true to my Promises. I resolve to relieve his Necessities according to my Ability, and to be candid in interpreting his Words and Actions; never to slander him by false Reports, or unnecessarily to publish his Faults by evil speaking. I resolve to be meek and patient under all Provocations, and to be ready to forgive all Affronts and Injuries; and to study to promote Peace among all Men. I resolve to love, reverence and obey my natural Parents, and to perform the several Duties I owe to all my Governours in Church and State.

Q. What do you resolve in relation to your self?

A. I resolve by the Grace of God, to humble my self under a just Sense of my own Faults and Defects, not to be

be puffed up with a vain Conceit of my self, or with a Contempt of others. I resolve to be chaste in all my Thoughts, Words and Actions; and to avoid every Thing that may in the least have a Tendency to Uncleaness; to be temperate in the use of Meats, Drinks, and all other Enjoyments, and to fly from all Temptations to Drunkenness. I resolve to deny my self, to keep my Body under by Fasting and Abstinence, and to mortify my Affections to the things of this World; and to be ready to part with any of the Conveniencies of Life, rather than forsake the Ways of Truth and Righteousness.

Q. From whence appears the Necessity of being sincere in these Resolutions?

A. Because God, who knows our Hearts, will reject our pretended dedication of our selves to his Service, if we engage only out of Custom, and in compliance with the Fashion of the World; and consequently will withhold his Grace from us, since we render our selves unworthy of the Influences of it, by never really designing what we openly profess.

Q. What

Q. What are the great Advantages of Confirmation?

A. It is a new Engagement to a Christian Life; and is a lasting Admonition and Check, not to dishonour or desert my Christian Profession: It tends to preserve the Unity of the Church, by making Men sensible, that they are obliged to communicate with such Ecclesiastical Superiors, who are endowed with all those Powers that were left by the Apostles to their Successors. And it is moreover a Testimony of God's Favour and Goodness to those that receive it.

Q. How is it a Testimony of God's Favour and Goodness to those that receive it?

A. Because his lawful Minister declares that God accepts their Proficiency, and advances them into the highest Rank of the Faithful, by giving them a Title to approach the Holy Table. And because God vouchsafes thereby to communicate supernatural Strength to encounter their spiritual Enemies, and enables them to perform what they undertake.

Q. What Care has the Church of England

land shewn for the effectual Administration of Confirmation?

A. Such is the wise Discipline of our Holy Mother, that both by her *Rubricks* and *Canons* she trains us up by gradual steps for a worthy partaking of this holy Rite; for in our Baptism she requires Sureties that shall engage for us, and give Security for our Christian Education in the Communion of the Church; they being oblig'd not only to instruct us

*Exhort. at the
end of Publ.
Bapt.*

in all necessary Points of Faith and Practice, but to take care, that when we are fit, we be brought to the Bishop for Confirmation.

Q. What farther Care has the Church express'd in this Particular?

A. The Parish Priest or Curate is particularly enjoined to *Catechise, to Instruct, and Examine the Youth and the common People in the Principles of the Christian Religion, according to the Church Catechism.*

*Rubr. after the
Catech.*

And the Church farther requires that none be presented as Candidates, till they can give an Account and Reason of their Faith,
of

of which the Minister, who presents them, is to be judge; and none are even then to be confirmed, except the Bishop approves of them; and to strike a greater Awe in the Candidates, they are solemnly charged to answer as in the Presence of God, and the whole Congregation.

Q. Why is a Godfather or Godmother required for the Person to be confirmed?

Rub. at the end of Catech.

A. As a Voucher for the sincerity of the Parties they stand for, and to be a continual Monitor to them to perform their Vow, as well as a Witness of their making the same.

Q. How hath the Church endeavoured to prevent any Neglect in those that are intrusted with the Administration of Confirmation?

A. She wills and ordains, that every Bishop or his Suffragan, in his usual Triennial Visitation, should perform in his own Person, this Rite and Usage; but if through any Infirmary he is hindered from making his Triennial Visitation, he is charged not to omit it the follow-

Can. lx.

following Year as soon as conveniently may be.

Q. What is the Minister of the Parish obliged to, when the Bishop giveth notice of a Confirmation?

A. The Minister of every Parish is obliged to bring or send in Writing, with his hand subscribed thereunto, the Names of all such Persons within his Parish, as he shall think fit to be presented to the Bishop to be confirmed.

Q. Ought Confirmation to be received more than once?

A. It is not to be repeated, because this solemn Renewal of our baptismal Vow is sufficient by being once performed, and for farther Supplies of Grace we have hereby a Title to receive the Holy Communion.

A Prayer

*A Prayer before Confirmation,
to be used by those
that are preparing for it.*

MOST merciful God, by whose gracious Providence I was born of Christian Parents, and early dedicated to thee in holy Baptism, make me thoroughly sensible, I beseech thee, of thy infinite Goodness in bestowing upon me the blessed Privileges of being made a Member of thy Church, a Child of God, and an Inheritor of the Kingdom of Heaven.

Grant, O Lord, that by the Assistance of thy Grace, I may carefully and zealously perform all those Conditions, upon which thou wert pleased to vouchsafe to me such inestimable Benefits: That I may constantly resist the Devil, and all those Temptations by which he seeks to destroy me. That I may renounce all covetous Desires of Honour, Riches and Pleasure, and all those evil Customs and Maxims of the World, which alienate Mens Minds from the Love of God, that I may mortify the
inor-

inordinate Appetites of my own corrupt Nature, of my own carnal Mind; that I may believe all thy holy Revelations, and keep thy blessed Will and Commandments all the days of my Life.

And now, O Lord, that I am about to renew the solemn Vow of my Baptism, and publickly in thy Presence to ratify all those things I then promised by my Sureties; I humbly beseech thee to enlighten my Mind with the Knowledge and Understanding of that solemn Engagement I then made, and am now about to confirm; influence my Will, and all the Faculties of my Soul heartily and sincerely to perform it. Let not the many and grievous Sins that I have committed, deprive me of those Assistances of thy Holy Spirit, which I now expect to receive; but, on my true Repentance, let the precious Blood of my Saviour, wash away all my past Sins, and grant that I may be enabled to mortify and subdue them for the time to come. And forasmuch as without thee, I am not able to please thee, pour thy Holy Spirit into my Heart, that by his holy Inspiration I may think those things which are good, and by his merciful Guidance

Guidance may perform the same, thro'
Jesus Christ our Lord, in whose blessed
 Name and Words I continue to pray,
 saying,

Our Father, &c.

*A Prayer after Confirmation, which
 may be said while others are Con-
 firming, and may be added to the
 Evening Prayer of the Party con-
 firmed.*

Blessed and praised be thy Holy
 Name, O Lord, for those fresh
 Supplies of Grace which thou hast been
 pleas'd to communicate to me.

Blessed be thy Name, for those com-
 fortable Assurances thou hast given me
 of thy Favour and Goodness towards me.
 Blessed be thy Name, for that Privilege
 thou hast now bestowed upon me of
 approaching thy holy Table, and of
 strengthening and refreshing my Soul, by
 partaking there of the Body and Blood
 of Christ.

Encrease in me, O Lord, more and
 more the Gifts of thy Holy Spirit, that
 I may be wise for Eternity, and make it

OC L 24 J
the chief Business of my Life to please thee in all my Actions; that I may love and fear thee above all things; that I may be just and righteous in all my Dealings, and ready to communicate to the Necessities of others; that I may keep a constant watch over my self, so as not to exceed the Bounds of Temperance and Sobriety.

Grant, O Lord, that my corrupt Nature may be daily renewed and purified by thy Holy Spirit, that no Danger or Persecution may affright me from my Duty; that no Pleasure may make me careless and negligent in the Performance of it; and that under Afflictions most grievous to Flesh and Blood, I may be entirely resigned, and submit to thy holy Will and Pleasure. Let thy holy Spirit, O Lord, so guide and govern me thro' the whole course of my short Life in this World, that I may not fail to obtain eternal Life in the World to come, thro' *Jesus Christ* our Lord. *Amen.*

has from **F I N I S**